Ethics of the American Pharmaceutical Association. This and other codes of ethics have been more or less dormant in the past. They should now be ventilated, observed and enforced. The A. Ph. A. Code has been adopted by a number of state pharmaceutical associations and colleges of pharmacy. The College of Pharmacy of the University will soon definitely require signatures to the Code for collegiate status if the University authorities approve. It has required for many years attendance upon a course in Law and Ethics. Possibly the boards of pharmacy will find it within their powers and duties to require similar subscription to the A. Ph. A. or an equivalent code.

Personally I am opposed to too many restrictions and laws but it seems that our civilization is becoming so complex and standards are so generally ignored or weakened that more and more restrictions and compulsions appear to become necessary to prevent a relapse into a dark-age period. I believe we can avoid that by starting at once, by reasonable methods, a moral and ethical renaissance.

The University of Minnesota. January, 1925.

CITIZENSHIP LECTURES AT THE MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.

The School of Pharmacy of the Medical College of Virginia has arranged a course of lectures, to be given to all the students in the school, on the general subject of "Citizenship." We have been able to enlist as speakers in this course some of the most prominent citizens in the state.

Dr. John Garland Pollard, formerly Attorney General and now Dean of the Marshall-Wythe School of Citizenship at William and Mary College; Dr. S. C. Mitchell, formerly President of the University of South Carolina and Delaware College, now Head of the Department of History and Political Science at the University of Richmond; Dr. W. T. Sanger, Secretary of the State Board of Education, and others of like outstanding ability, have accepted the invitation to give one or more of these talks. The course was opened late in November and will continue at intervals through the session. Each speaker is asked to present some special phase of the general subject so that the course as a whole will cover the pharmacist's relationship to his community and the State—as a voter, as a member of civic organizations, as a participant in educational affairs; the final lecture is to be on "Christian Citizenship."

If this experiment works out as we hope and believe it will, it will be a distinct step toward getting the young pharmacists to realize, early in their career, that in order to be of the maximum service and to be successful in a large way, their point of view must embrace all of those major activities which go to make him a real citizen.